

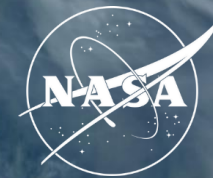
***Advanced, high spatial resolution
PACE OCI nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)
product and potential applications***

***Paper submitted to ERL

Zachary Fasnacht¹, Joanna Joiner², Eric Bucsela¹, Matthew Bandel²
Sergey Marchenko¹, Lok Lamsal³, Can Li², Nickolay Krotkov²

¹SSAI, ²NASA GSFC, ³UMBC/GESTAR II,

Motivation



$\times 10^{15}$ [molec. cm^{-2}]

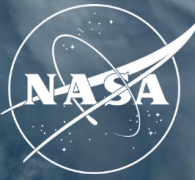


- NO_2 sources are both natural (wildfires, soil, lightning) and anthropogenic (burning of fossil fuels, biomass burning)
- NO_2 has adverse health effects and contributes to the formation of aerosols and tropospheric ozone
- NO_2 impacts ocean color algorithms. Errors under high loading (1×10^{16} mol cm^{-2}) of 10-20% in water leaving radiance (Ahmad et al., 2007).

Can we retrieve NO_2 accurately with PACE OCI and if so, can it provide value-added data for the atmospheric chemistry community (for downscaling emissions, etc)?

2021 annual averaged TROPOMI troposphere NO_2 column (courtesy Lok Lamsal)

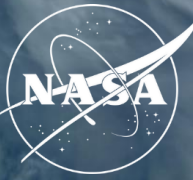
Heritage Trace Gas (NO₂) Instruments



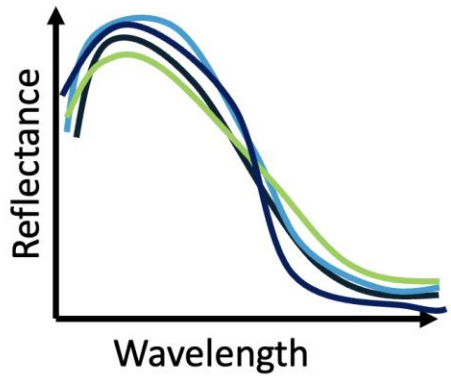
- Traditional trace gas satellite instruments (OMI, TROPOMI, TEMPO) have lower spatial resolution (at least 10x coarser) than PACE OCI, but higher spectral resolution
- Previous ocean color multi-spectral instruments such as MODIS and VIIRS have spectral resolution of 20nm+, too coarse for NO₂ retrievals

	Spatial Res.	Spectral Res.	Spectral Range	Orbit
OMI	13x24km ²	0.42-0.63nm	290-500nm	Polar
TROPOMI	3.5x5.5km ²	0.25-0.55nm	267-499nm 661-786nm 2.3-2.389um	Polar
TEMPO	2x4.7km ²	0.6nm	290-490nm 540-740nm	Geo
PACE OCI	1km ²	5nm	315-895nm	Polar

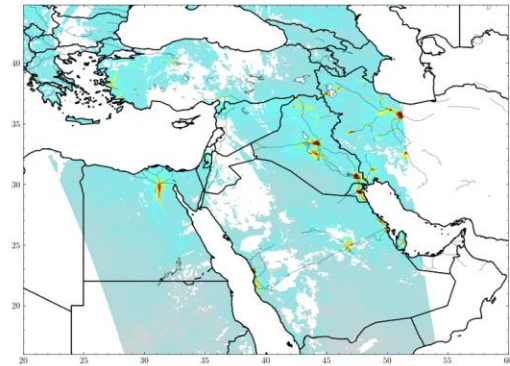
Basic approach



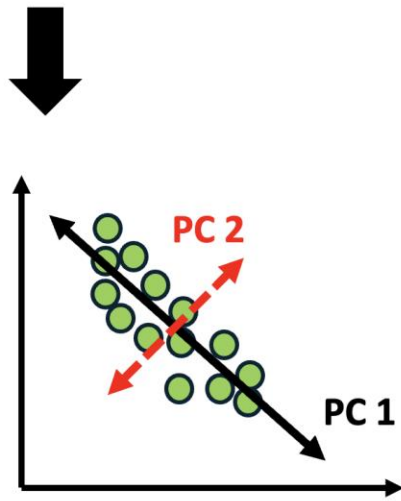
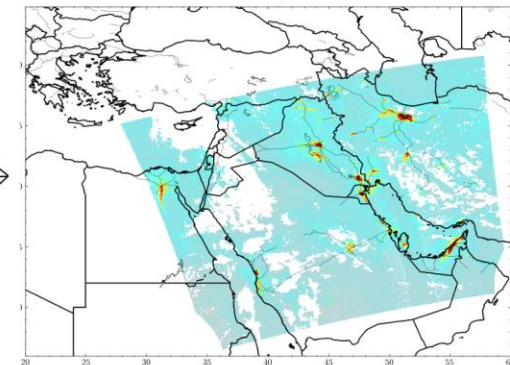
Measured Reflectances
Decomposed into PCs



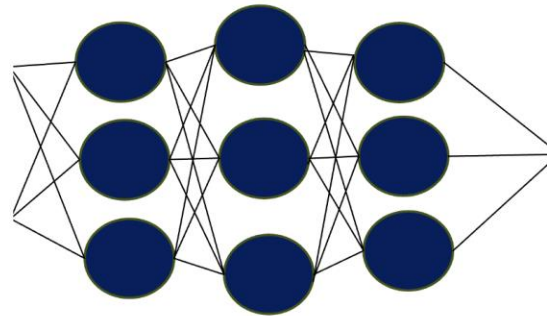
TROPOMI NO₂ Co-located to PACE
*PACE OCI 5km reflectances co-located with TROPOMI
Total Vertical Column NO₂ retrievals binned to ~5km*



Neural Network Trained to
Learn Relationships between
PCs and Co-located NO₂



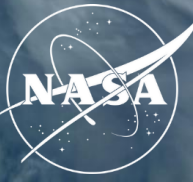
Solar/View
Angles
Coefficients
of PCs



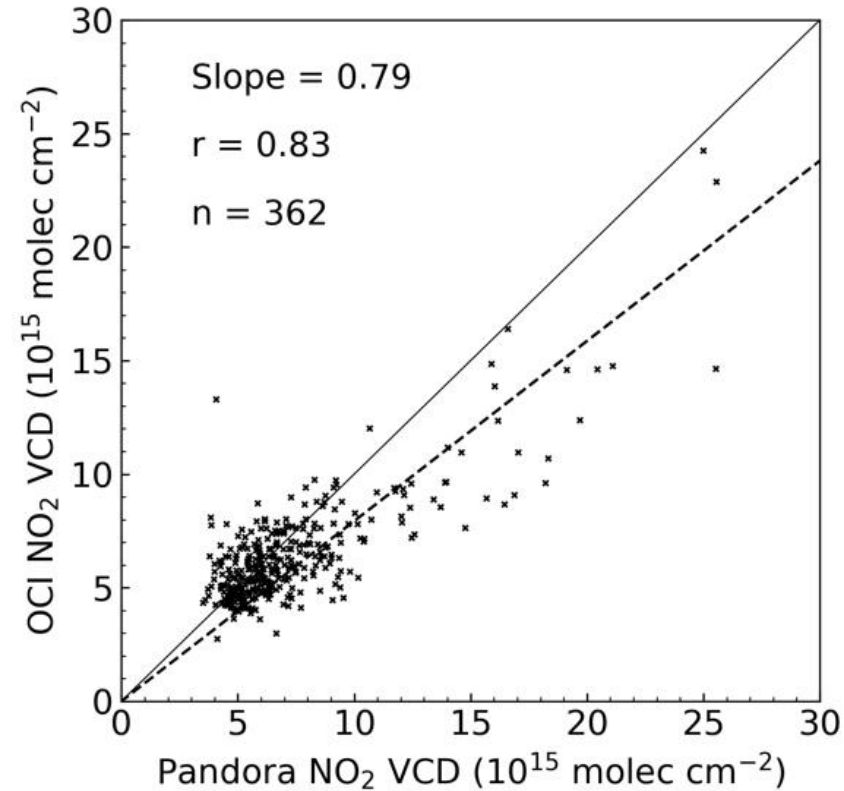
Optionally profile data can be
used, but not currently used

Apply to 1km PACE OCI L1b data

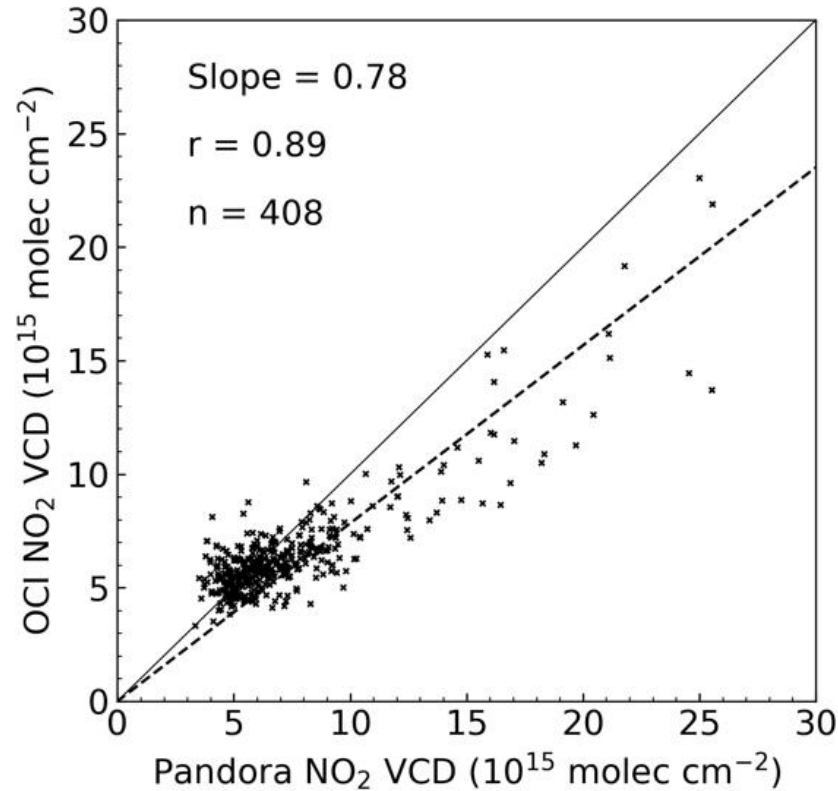
Comparison with Pandora NO₂



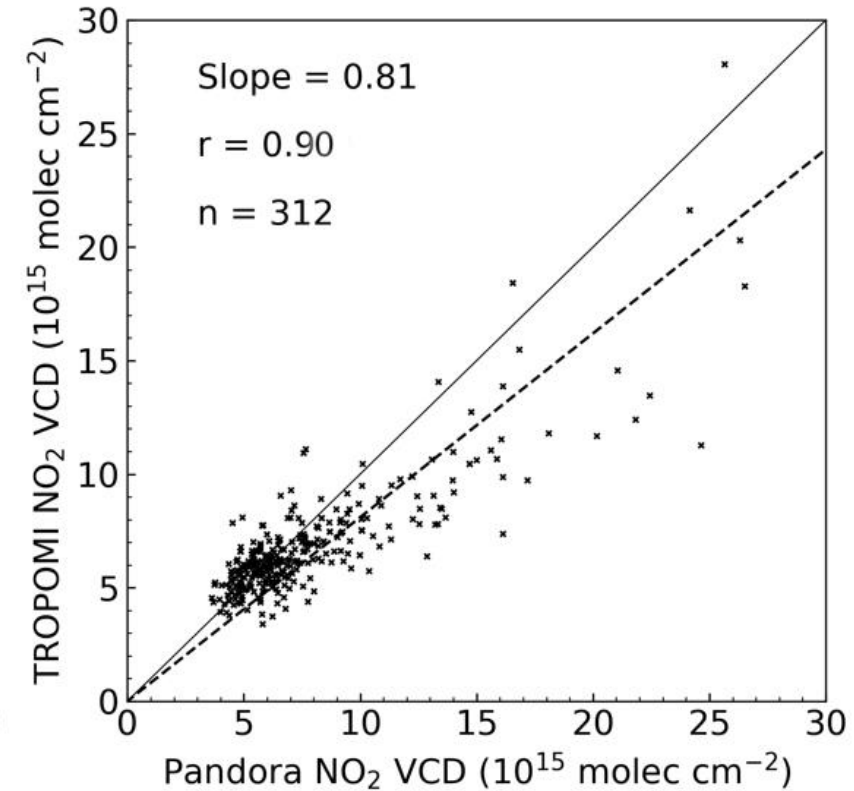
PACE OCI 1.5 km



PACE OCI 4.5 km

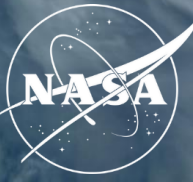


TROPOMI 4.5 km

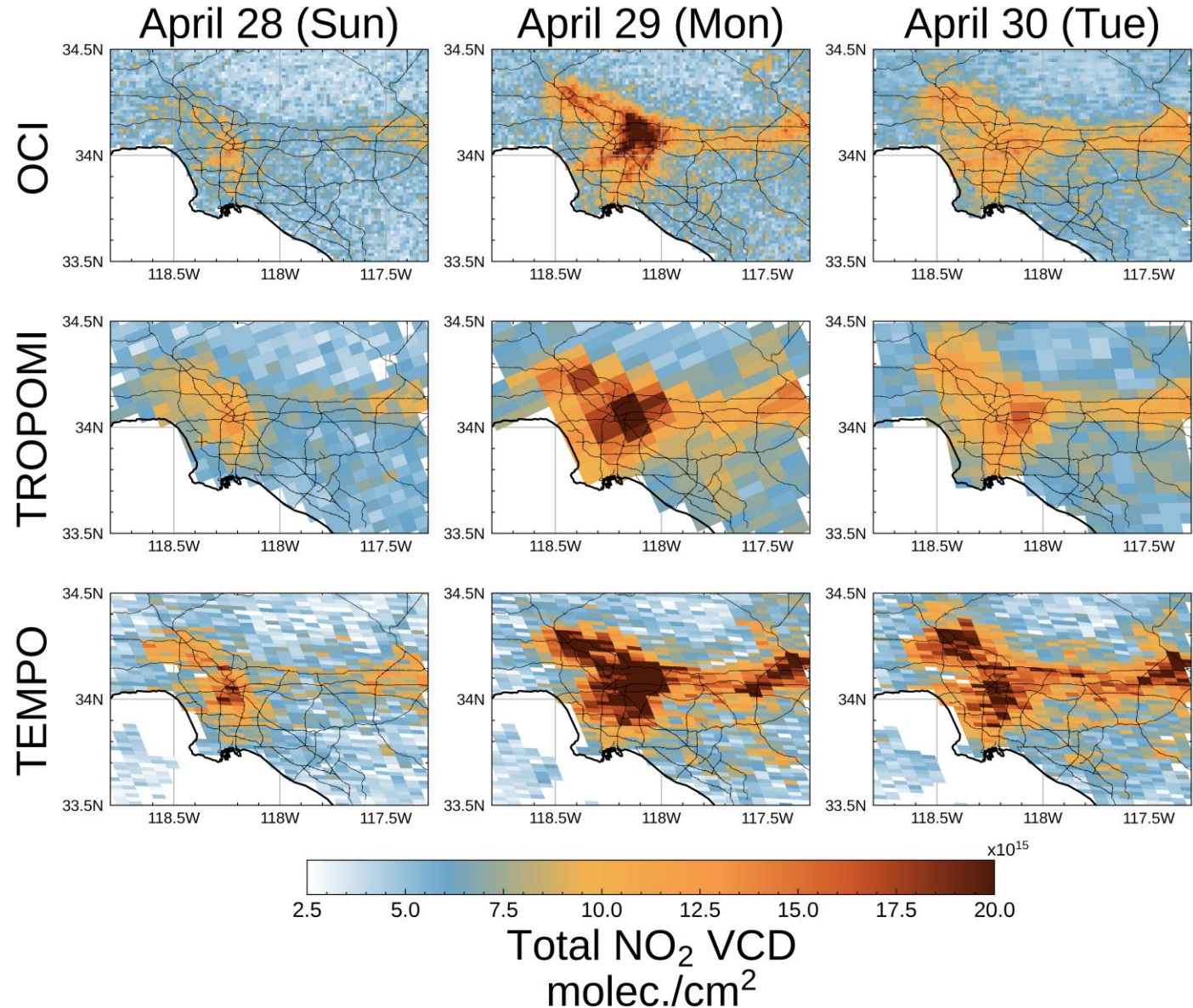


- Comparisons with Pandoras from U.S. sites shows similar results as the TROPOMI comparison (ML model will only do as well as the data it's trained on)

Weekend vs Weekday NO₂ in LA Metro



- Air quality in LA region is heavily dominated by vehicular traffic leading to a significant weekend/weekday effect as seen in NO₂ retrievals on right
- Unlike TROPOMI and TEMPO, with PACE OCI spatial resolution we can begin to see individual highways, particularly in heavy vehicular traffic such as Monday April 29

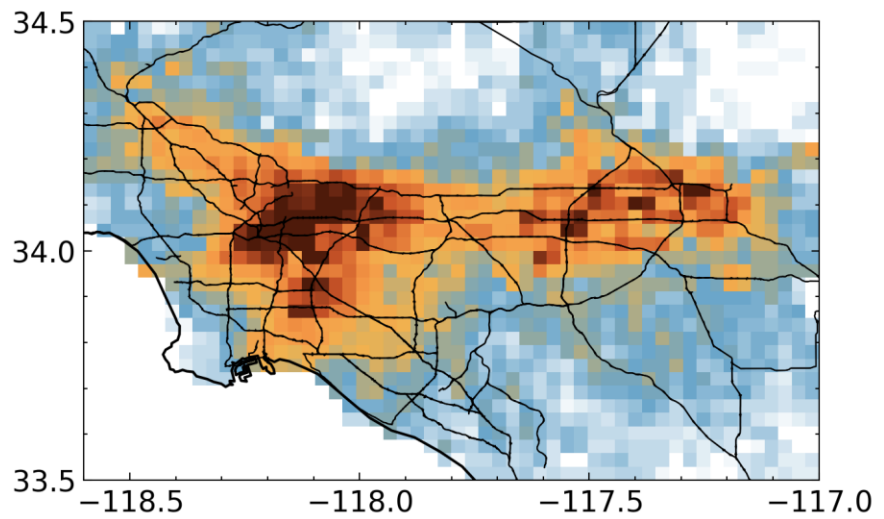




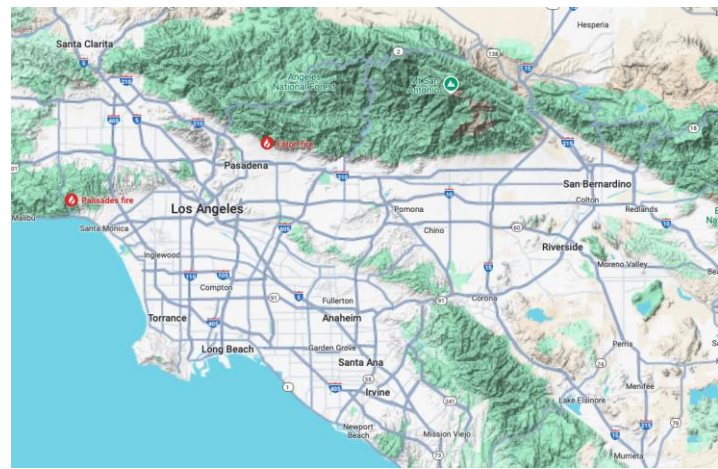
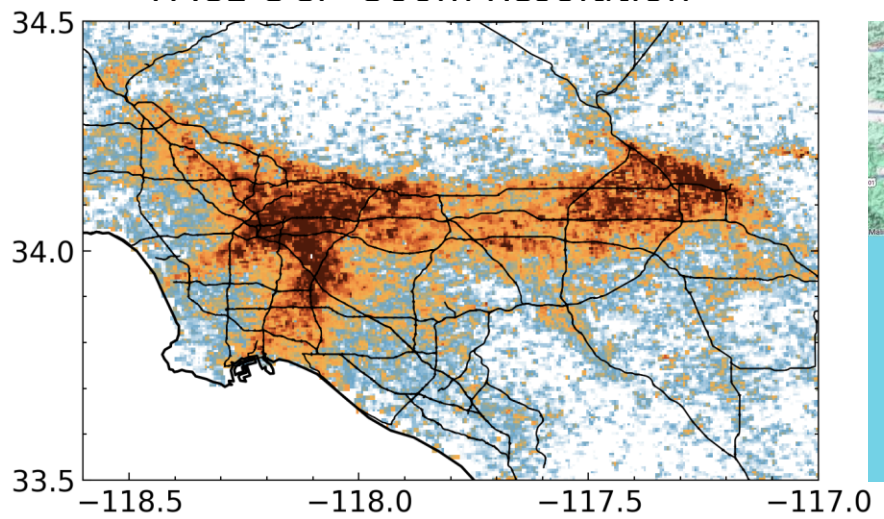
Multi-Day Average for Downscaling

Thu Sep 26-28

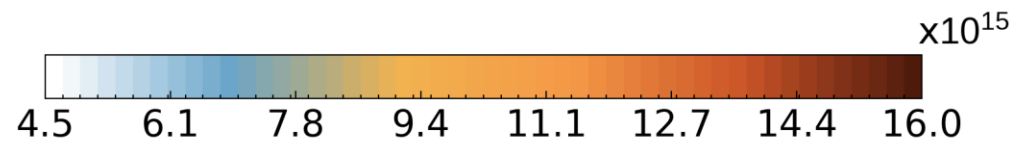
TROPOMI ~3km Resolution



PACE OCI ~500m Resolution



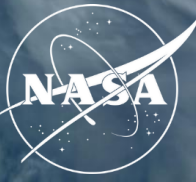
Credit: Google Maps



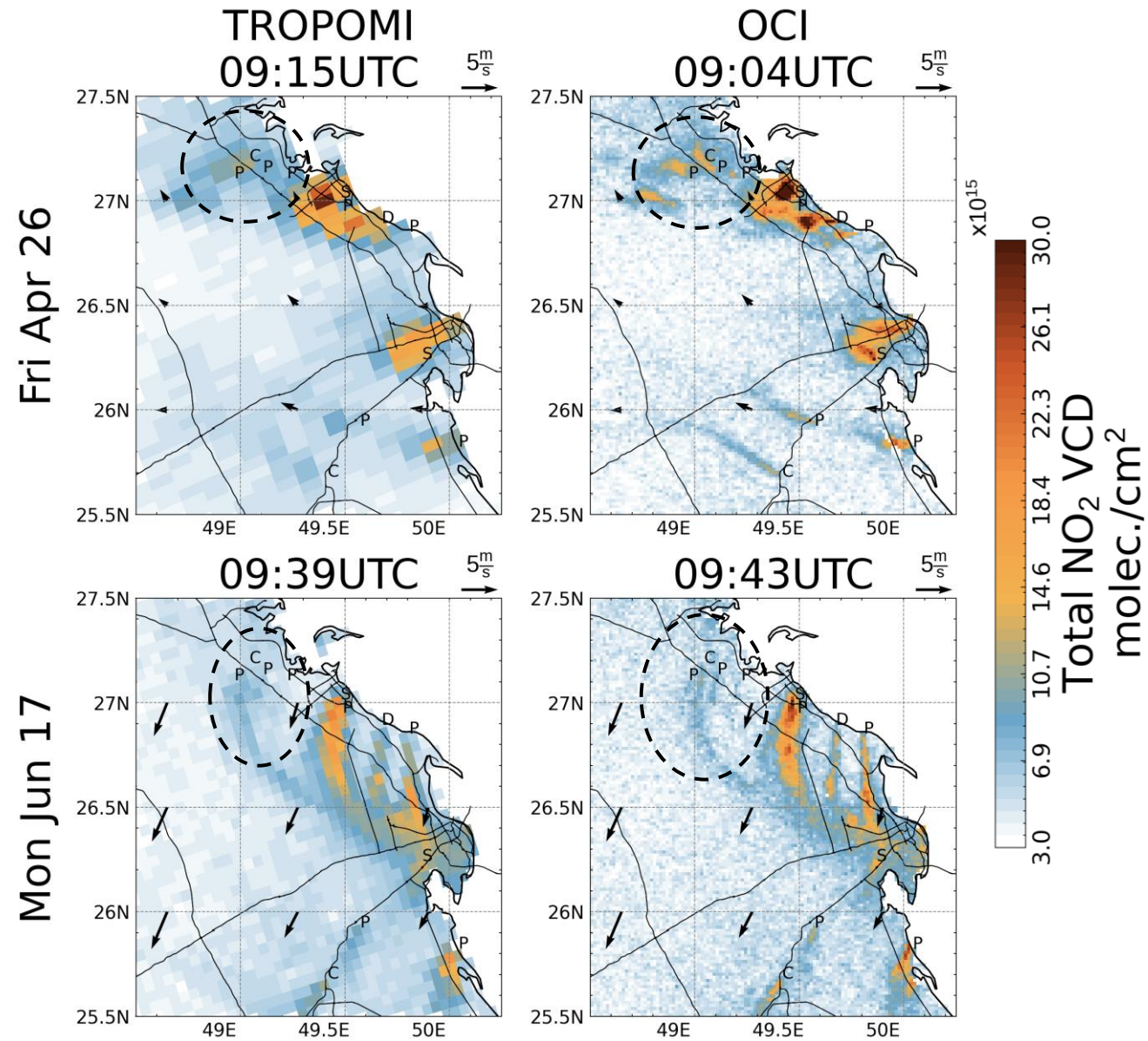
Total NO₂ VCD
molec./cm²

- High resolution measurements from PACE allow for upscaling of NO₂ within a few days to spatial resolution < 500m
- Example above from LA shows many localized features such as mountain ranges and highways not as clear in TROPOMI

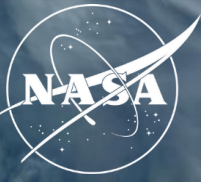
NO₂ in Eastern Saudi Arabia



- NO₂ in eastern Saudi Arabia is elevated due to many power plants and manufacturing plants in the region
 - P: Power Plant
 - C: Cement Factory
 - D: Desalination Plant
 - S: Steel Factory
- PACE OCI shows better defined NO₂ plumes such as to the north where there are two power plants and a cement factory (dashed circle)



Potential Applications and Future Work



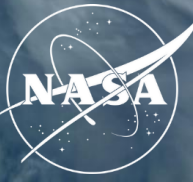
Applications

- Improved spatially resolved emissions estimates
- Better resolved exposure estimates
- Improved ocean color retrievals
- Improved chemistry-transport modeling
- Spatial downscaling of TEMPO hourly measurements (complementary)

Future Work

- Finetuning the training and integration into PACE processing system
- More validation with aircraft as well as ground-based

Potential Applications and Future Work



Applications

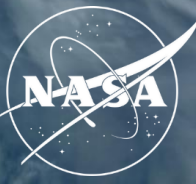
- Improved spatially resolved emissions estimates
- Better resolved exposure estimates
- Improved ocean color retrievals
- Improved chemistry-transport modeling
- Spatial downscaling of TEMPO hourly measurements (complementary)

Future Work

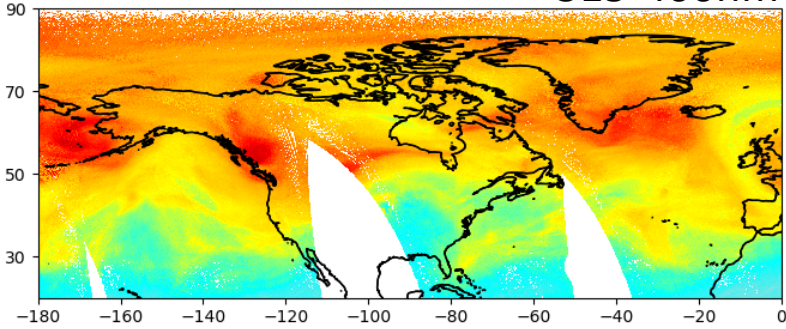
- Finetuning the training and integration into PACE processing system
- More validation with aircraft as well as ground-based

Applying Approach to Retrieve Ozone from PACE

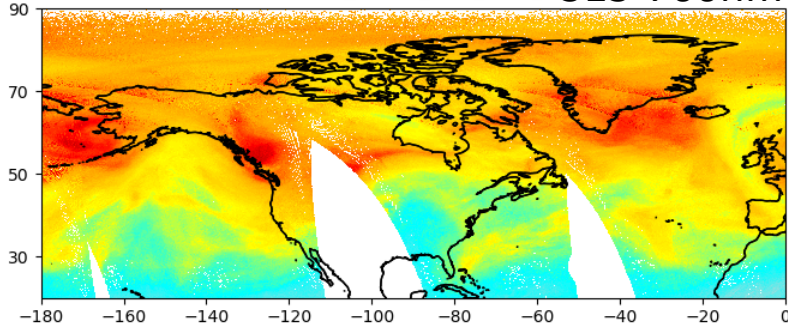
May 21, 2024



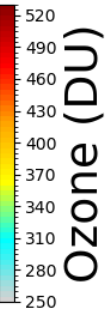
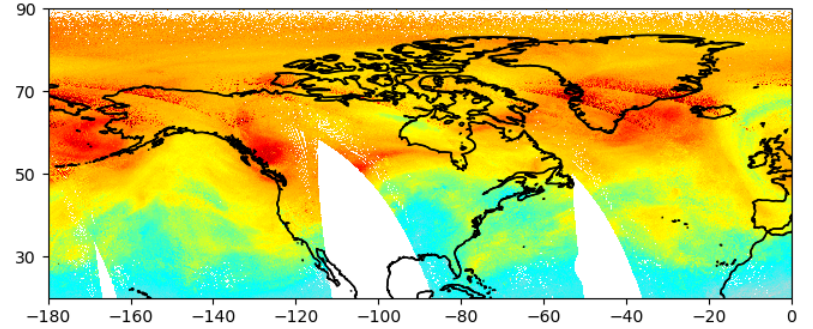
PACE Ozone 315-400nm



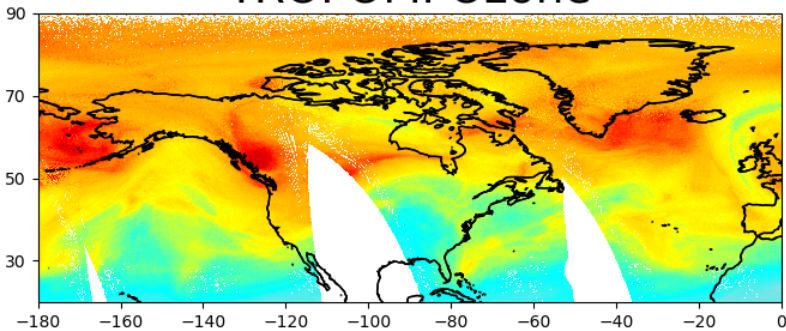
PACE Ozone 315-700nm



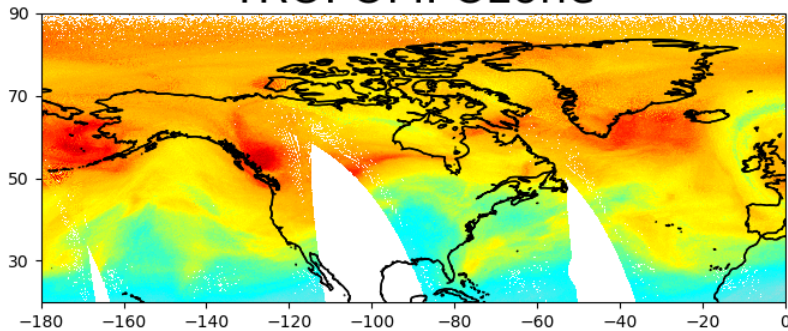
PACE Ozone 400-700nm



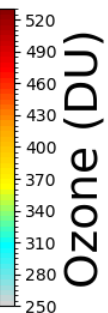
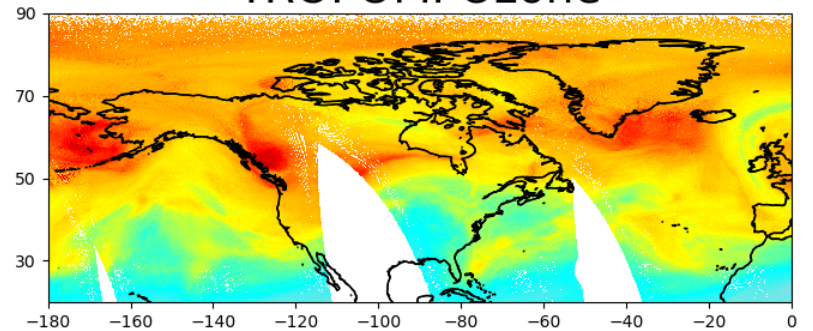
TROPOMI Ozone



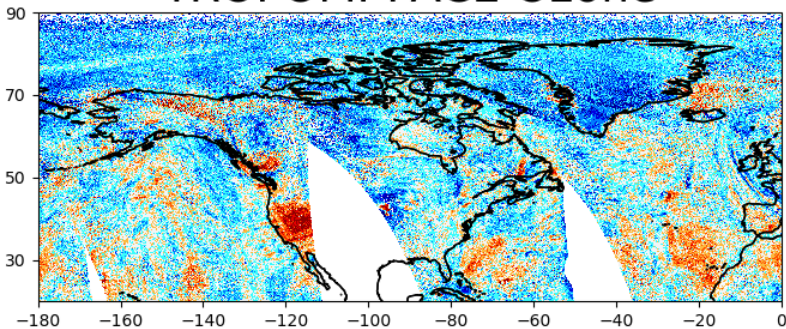
TROPOMI Ozone



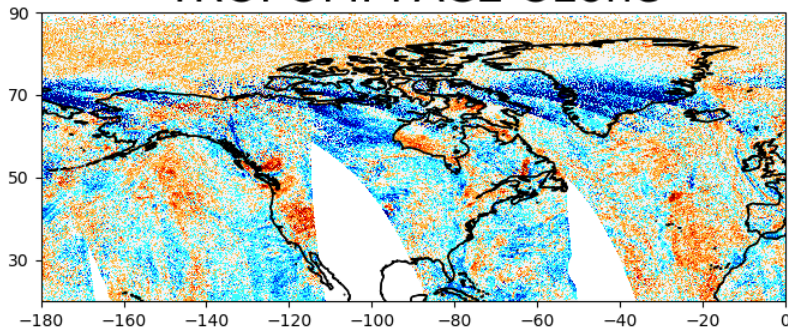
TROPOMI Ozone



TROPOMI-PACE Ozone



TROPOMI-PACE Ozone



TROPOMI-PACE Ozone

